

Vaping-related lung injury cases in New Mexico rises to 20

Written by Staff Reports
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Vitamin E Acetate Implicated in Vaping-Related Lung Injury

SANTA Fe - The New Mexico Department of Health reports three additional cases of severe lung injury related to the use of e-cigarettes for vaping, bringing the total of cases in the state to 20.

This is part of the spike in e-cigarette, or vaping product associated lung injuries reported throughout the United States. Thirteen of New Mexico's 20 patients have required hospitalization in intensive care units. Of the patients interviewed by the NMDOH, 77 percent reported THC use, with three patients reporting only nicotine use.

Recent laboratory testing by the Center for Disease Control and Prevention of samples of fluid collected from the lungs of patients from other states with EVALI found vitamin E acetate, an additive in some THC-containing products, in all samples tested. These findings provide direct evidence of vitamin E acetate at the primary site of injury within the lungs. Vitamin E acetate is one of many chemical options to dilute vaping products, so they can be vaporized. Vitamin E acetate products can easily be purchased off the shelf and can be used for secondhand product mixing.

In light of this new information, we strongly discourage the vaping of THC products at this time and also discourage the vaping of any product containing Vitamin E acetate. Secondhand (black market) products should especially be avoided due to the possible addition of unknown

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chemicals like Vitamin E acetate to the vaping cartridge.

“Case numbers are rising in N.M. and nationwide. That’s why the NMDOH continues to warn residents and discourage the use of any cartridges with THC because of the ease at which additional chemicals can be added to these types of cartridges,” Department of Health Cabinet Secretary Kathy Kunkel stated. “People who have trouble breathing or experience chest pain after vaping should seek immediate medical attention.”

All cases under investigation have been hospitalized with severe breathing problems after vaping with symptoms including cough, shortness of breath, and fatigue. The NMDOH, CDC, and public health agencies across the country are still investigating additional possible causes of these illnesses. Some cases under investigation have reported vaping or dabbing (vaping marijuana oils, extracts, or concentrates) in the weeks and months prior to hospital admission. The names and types of products used are being investigated and could be any of several substances, including nicotine, THC, synthetic cannabinoids, or a combination of these.

The NMDOH is asking health care providers to report possible vaping associated lung disease cases to the Epidemiology and Response Division at (505) 827-0006.

For more information: nmhealth.org/about/erd/eheb/vri/.